

姓名

准考证号



沈阳市 2019 年初中学业水平考试 英语试题

试题满分 100 分,考试时间 100 分钟。

注意事项:

1. 答题前,考生须用 0.5mm 黑色字迹的签字笔在本试题卷规定位置填写自己的姓名、准考证号;
2. 考生须在答题卡上作答,不能在本试题卷上作答,答在本试题卷上无效;
3. 考试结束,将本试题卷和答题卡一并交回;
4. 本试题卷包括七道大题,64 道小题,共 8 页。如缺页、印刷不清,考生须声明。

第一部分 选择题(三大题:共 38 分)

一、单项填空(共 10 小题,每小题 0.5 分;满分 5 分)

从 A、B、C、D 中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. —Sorry, I'm late.
—_____. I just got here myself.
A. That's right B. You're welcome C. With pleasure D. Never mind
2. You will forget something very quickly _____ you understand it well.
A. although B. before C. after D. unless
3. When you ask a wise person _____ help, you want him to give you good advice.
A. to B. for C. in D. about
4. We can help protect the environment if we change our bad _____.
A. habits B. choices C. methods D. ideas
5. I bought my first computer five years ago. I used it _____ every day, and it became really slow.
A. even B. much C. almost D. just
6. —What are you doing?
—I _____ Laobian Dumplings. They taste very delicious. I have never had them before I came to Shenyang.
A. am eating B. have eaten C. eat D. was eating
7. —Who got _____ mark in Art, Belinda or Daisy?
—Belinda did.
A. good B. better C. best D. the best
8. To get the readers' attention, generally a notice _____ with different colours and big letters.
A. made B. is made C. makes D. was made
9. Laozi lived in the 6th century BC. It is _____ that he wrote *the Daodejing*.
A. suggested B. reported C. believed D. produced

10. —What did he just say?

—He asked me _____ this morning.

- | | |
|----------------------|------------------|
| A. when did I get up | B. when I got up |
| C. how did I get up | D. how I got up |

二、完形填空(共 15 小题,每小题 1 分;满分 15 分)

阅读短文,掌握其大意,然后从 A、B、C、D 中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

One bright morning, Aunt Maria took the kids to try their new kites. "Will you give my 11 a lift?" said little John, to his sister, after 12 without success to make it fly. Lucy picked up the kite and threw it 13 the air, but the kite fell down again. "Try again, children." Aunt Maria smiled.

Lucy once more 14 John. This time John ran 15 more quickly but the kite also fell down as before. "Keep trying, John." Aunt Maria was calm.

They did, with more care, but a strong wind came 16. The kite was blown against some trees and it was stuck (卡住). Aunt Maria came over and said to 17, "Let us find a more open space." "I won't try any more," John replied sadly, almost with tears in his eyes. "It is useless, you see. I just 18 do it. The kite won't fly."

"My little man, would you really give up the 19 after trying several times? Some 20 shouldn't make us lose our confidence. Come on."

He did try again and 21, for the kite was carried upward(向上) on the wind as light as feather. After enjoying the sight(景象), little John shouted with 22. "Look, look, aunt, I did it! The kite is flying! How 23 it is now!" Aunt Maria smiled, "Dear, remember to try 24 giving up. You will never know how strong you are until you 25 trying. Whenever you fail in your trying to do any good thing, let your motto(格言) be—try again."

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------|
| 11. A. dog | B. kite | C. T-shirt | D. bag |
| 12. A. waiting | B. carrying | C. putting | D. trying |
| 13. A. into | B. up | C. at | D. against |
| 14. A. beat | B. saved | C. helped | D. asked |
| 15. A. very | B. so | C. much | D. quite |
| 16. A. softly | B. heavily | C. suddenly | D. finally |
| 17. A. them | B. it | C. her | D. him |
| 18. A. needn't | B. should | C. can | D. can't |
| 19. A. sport | B. housework | C. homework | D. work |
| 20. A. experiences | B. difficulties | C. suggestions | D. answers |
| 21. A. failed | B. won | C. succeeded | D. flew |
| 22. A. joy | B. anger | C. dream | D. regret |
| 23. A. long | B. high | C. deep | D. light |

24. A. as for B. instead of C. thanks to D. according to
 25. A. stop B. consider C. keep D. like

三、阅读理解(共12小题,每小题1.5分;满分18分)

阅读短文,然后根据其内容从A、B、C、D中选出最佳选项。

A

Shadow puppets(皮影) are made of hard leather(皮). The leather is cut out in the shape of a person, an animal or an object. Each puppet is painted in bright colours and put on a stick. Some puppets have movable(可移动的) arms and legs.



During a shadow puppet play, the performers stand behind a white screen with lights behind it. The audience sit in front of the screen. The performers hold the puppets very close to the screen so the audience can see the puppets' shadows clearly. Then they move the puppets around and do the voices of the different characters.

Shadow puppet plays are an ancient Chinese art. Now with TV and films, shadow puppet plays are not as popular as before. But to keep the traditional art form alive, some performers still play it even though they made a little money.

A Chinese knot(结) is usually made of a thin rope. It can be in the shape of an animal, a flower or a Chinese character with a special meaning. Red ropes are usually used because red is a lucky colour for Chinese people.



Many Chinese knots have special meanings. People think that these knots can bring them happiness or good luck, so they carry the knots with them or put them up at home.

26. The shadow puppets are made of _____.
 A. paper B. sticks C. leather D. skin
27. Some performers still keep playing shadow puppets because _____.
 A. they can make a lot of money
 B. they really enjoy the plays
 C. shadow puppet plays are very popular
 D. they want to protect the traditional art form
28. According to the text, a Chinese knot can be made as _____.
 A. a thin rope B. a Chinese character C. a person D. a puppet
29. Many Chinese people think that the Chinese knots can _____.
 A. be red B. be carried around easily
 C. be put up everywhere D. bring them happiness or good luck

B

Many people in America love Chinese food. However, their "Chinese food" is very different from ours. America is a melting pot(熔炉). People from around the world join together there. Many of them

bring their traditions with them.

Chinese food arrived in America in the 1850s. At that time, many Chinese people who went to live in the US couldn't find a job. To make a living, some of them opened restaurants. Over the years, Chinese food has become more and more popular. However, many changes have been made according to American people's taste.

One of the changes is about the cooking methods. In America, many "Chinese dishes" are cooked through frying(油炸). In China, few dishes are cooked in this way. Stewing(炖), steaming and boiling(煮) are more common.

Another big change lies in the ingredients(原材料). Cooks in America often use onions and tomatoes in "Chinese food". In China, these ingredients are used much less often.

In addition, traditional Chinese food uses more types of meat. Chinese people eat duck blood, chicken feet, pig ears and even snakes. Most American people wouldn't choose to eat these things.

Some popular "Chinese dishes" in America can't be found in China at all. For example, the Fortune(幸运) Cookie is an American invention. It is a sweet, crisp(脆的) cookie which contains a piece of paper with some lucky words on it. Fortune cookies are often served in Chinese restaurants, but no one has ever seen it in China.

30. When did Chinese food arrive in America?
 A. In the mid 16th century. B. In the mid 17th century.
 C. In the mid 18th century. D. In the mid 19th century.
31. Chinese people first opened Chinese restaurants in America to _____.
 A. let them have something to eat B. make money to support themselves
 C. create new cooking methods D. spread Chinese traditional food
32. According to the text, the American style Chinese foods _____.
 A. can be found in most restaurants in China
 B. use more types of meat than Chinese food
 C. are made through frying more often
 D. use the same ingredients as traditional Chinese food
33. Which picture of the following may be the Fortune Cookie?



C

Phone Folds in Half

Is it possible to fold(折叠) your phone screen? We probably didn't think about it a few years ago.

Huawei's newest phone, the Mate X, is foldable. You can fold it in half as if you are closing a book. But what makes the Mate X different is that it is folded from the outside.

The Mate X is both a phone and a tablet(平板电脑). When folded, it works as a phone. When unfolded, it can be used as a tablet. The phone is very thin. When opened, it is 5.4 mm thick, and when closed, it is just 11 mm.

The Mate X supports 5G, which means users can download a whole movie in just a few seconds. But users can only take selfies(自拍照) when the phone is folded. That's because the phone doesn't have a front camera. You have to turn over and use the rear camera instead.

With the growth of the economic level, there is more and more demand(需求) for the function(功能) of smart phones. The smart phone market is always changing very fast! Can the Mate X take the lead? "It will take years to make the consumers believe that foldable phones can bring them benefits and a better experience," said Jusy Hong, an analyst(分析者) at IHS Markit, a market research firm.

34. What makes the Mate X special?

- A. It looks very thin. B. It can be folded.
C. It supports 5G. D. It can take selfies.

35. How thick is the Mate X when closed?

- A. 5 mm. B. 5.4 mm. C. 11 mm. D. 11.5 mm.

36. What does the underlined word "rear" mean in the text?

- A. front B. middle C. above D. back


37. What can we know from the last paragraph?

- A. At present, there are not many consumers choosing the Mate X.
B. Huawei's newest phone the Mate X is coming out.
C. The Mate X has been accepted by most consumers.
D. The consumers have no demand for smart phones.

第二部分 非选择题(四大题:共62分)

四、回答问题(共5小题,每小题2分;满分10分)

阅读短文,然后根据内容回答所提问题。

	<p>UNICEF is the "United Nations Children's Fund". A lot of children suffered during World War II. UNICEF was started in 1946 to help those children.</p>
	<p>Today UNICEF offers help to children and women in over 190 countries. It helps them get proper food, clean water and health supplies. It also works to provide help in disasters and runs long-term education and child protection programmes.</p>



The World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF) was founded in 1961. It was called the "World Wildlife Fund" in the past. It uses a panda as its logo.

The WWF is an important environmental organization. It aims to build a future where people live in harmony with nature. It works on around 1,300 projects in over 100 countries, and has 5 million supporters.

38. What does UNICEF mean?

39. How many countries does UNICEF offer help?

40. When was the WWF founded?

41. Why is the WWF an important environmental organization?

42. Which animal is the logo of the WWF?

五、阅读填空(共7小题,每小题1分;满分7分)

阅读短文,然后用短文括号中所给词的适当形式填空。

Ballet is a special form of art. It's a 43 (France) word. It means "to dance". There's no talking or singing in ballet. A 44 (dance) can use body language well. With steps, gestures and the expressions on their faces, they can tell 45 (story). Ballet dancers 46 (usual) start training at a young age.

Ballet began in Western Europe in the 47 (fifteen) century. Today it has become popular all over the world.

Swan Lake is one of the most famous ballets in the world. The dancers express feelings and communicate messages through 48 (they) body language. For example, some of the dancers must give people the impression that they're swans. They do this by 49 (move) their arms like wings and moving their necks like the long necks of swans.

六、综合阅读(共10小题,每小题2分;满分20分)

阅读短文,然后按要求完成50-59小题。

A

Many companies spend a large amount of money in advertising. After all, (A) _____ advertisements, how can they make their new products known to the world? How can they attract more customers? However, some of us say they are never influenced(影响) by advertisements. These people think advertising doesn't work. (B) 但是他们错了. Advertising works. (C) These people just have no idea how it works.

Few of us watch an advertisement and run out of the door to buy the product at once. More often, the

advertisement just (D) stays in our minds. We won't think about it (E) _____ we see something else. We may bring (G) it up at the dinner table, for example, after we see someone pour the soda. We may talk about it when, on another day, we see a poster for the brand on the street.

In short, good advertisements create positive impressions that send us to buy the products later. Such impressions often last for many years. It is not easy to create them. Now, we read and watch hundreds of advertisements every day. Not every advertisement can attract our attention.

But good advertisements always work. It can be (F) hard to notice the influence. Sometimes, the advertisements do not influence our behavior until many years later. That may explain why some people think advertisements "never" work on them.

- 50. 在文中(A)和(E)的空白处填入适当的单词: _____ ; _____
- 51. 将文中画线部分(B)译成英语: _____
- 52. 将文中画线部分(C)改写为: These people just _____ how it works.
- 53. 写出文中画线部分(D)和(F)的同义词或近义词: _____ ; _____
- 54. 从文中找出能说明本文主旨大意的中心语: _____

B

The problem of environmental protection has been a big issue(问题) for a long time. When your pen is (A) _____, the battery in your toy runs out, or you have some leftover(吃剩的) food, what do you do with these things? You will probably throw them all into one bin. But (B) actually, all of these pieces of trash need to be sorted(分类) separately.

Garbage sorting is a big problem (C) worldwide. In recent years, some Chinese cities have been working hard on it.

Shanghai has worked with Alipay to create a "green account" service for its residents(居民). By correctly sorting their garbage, account holders get points and then exchange (D) them for milk, phone cards and other products through the Alipay app. It is really a good idea. The city is asking all of its residents to sort their garbage into (E) _____ groups: wet, recyclable, harmful and dry.

Shenzhen has been sorting its garbage into the same four groups since 2012. Students there also receive waste-sorting guidebooks that they must study.

China is improving its waste-sorting work. There is still a long way to go. But it's never too late to learn (F) 如何正确分类你的垃圾 and protect the environment.

- 55. 在文中(A)和(E)的空白处填入适当的单词: _____ ; _____
- 56. 写出文中画线部分(B)和(C)的同义词或近义词: _____ ; _____
- 57. 文中画线部分(D)指代的是: _____
- 58. 将文中画线部分(F)译成英语: _____
- 59. 从文中找出能说明本文主旨大意的短语: _____

七、阅读与表达(共2节,A节5分,B节20分;满分25分)

A) 阅读短文,然后根据其内容从方框中选出可以填入空白处的短语。

good restaurants live with be able to on the ground floor wakes me up

Hi, Betty. I'm calling to ask you for some advice. I 1 my parents in a nice place. It's close to a park and a lot of 2. But my parents are talking about moving because of our neighbours. We live 3 of a building and are close to the rubbish collection place. Some of the neighbours put their bags out on Saturday morning, and because the rubbish isn't collected until Monday, our flat smells badly all weekend. The other big problem is the noise. The people in the flat above us have a dog and it often barks. Sometimes it 4 two or three times in one night. These are real problems in the neighbourhood but I have made many friends here too. If we move, I won't 5 see them regularly. What can we do? I don't want us to move.

B) 某英文杂志开展“和谐邻里,和谐社区”的征文活动。请你以 "It's _____ to get along with neighbours" 为题写篇短文,向该杂志投稿。

【要求】

- 1. 确定主题,说明原因;
- 2. 围绕主题,进行叙述或阐述;
- 3. 词数 80—100。

【注意】

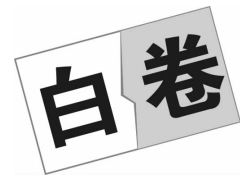
- 1. 补全标题(参考词语:necessary, difficult, happy 等);
- 2. 可以使用亲身经历或虚构的故事,也可以阐述具体观点;
- 3. 可以适当增减细节,以使行文连贯;
- 4. 短文的开头已给出,不计入总词数;
- 5. 作文中不要出现考生和相关人物的真实校名和姓名。

It's _____ to get along with neighbours

Neighbourhood is a place for each of us to live, and it is supposed to be peaceful and friendly. _____

姓名

准考证号



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第一部分 选择题(三大题:共 38 分)

一、单项填空(共 10 小题,每小题 0.5 分;满分 5 分)

从 A、B、C、D 中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. After making the _____, the two businessmen shook hands.
A. trouble B. mistake C. deal D. mess
2. Miss Liu wanted to encourage _____ students to read famous books, so she showed them a humorous story.
A. her B. my C. their D. his
3. *The Wandering Earth* is a very meaningful movie _____ it gives me something to think about.
A. and B. but C. or D. so
4. The baby panda is not old _____ to eat bamboo.
A. so B. very C. too D. enough
5. Tom _____ carefully when the teacher asked him the question, so he wasn't able to hear what the teacher said.
A. is listening B. was not listening C. is not listening D. was listening
6. The story *Tom and Jerry* made me laugh, and I think it's one of _____ stories.
A. funny B. funnier C. funniest D. the funniest
7. _____ the building and stay out in an open area after the earthquake stops.
A. Leave B. Leaving C. Left D. To leave
8. —Oh, I played badly.
—_____. Just try your best. You'll do better.
A. You're welcome B. I'm sorry to hear that
C. Thank you D. Don't worry
9. Unless I finish all my homework, I _____ watch TV or go out with my friends.
A. can B. must C. can't D. mustn't

10. —Do you remember _____ today?

—Yes. I had some bread and milk.

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| A. what you had | B. what will you have |
| C. what you will have | D. what did you have |

二、完形填空(共 15 小题,每小题 1 分;满分 15 分)

阅读短文,掌握其大意,然后从 A、B、C、D 中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Do you have any online classes? It is 11 to take classes at home. All you need is a computer and a headset(耳机). 12, most students don't seem to like online classes. According to a recent survey, 13 of the students want to take such classes, but only about 33 percent. Over 1,500 14 from 10 cities took the survey.

Many students said it is difficult 15 them to focus on studying while taking online classes. This was 16 for Lian Ruohan, 15, at the Affiliated(附属的) High School of Peking University. "There are no classmates, no real teachers 17 me. I can surf the Internet or do other things if I want to. It's 18 to always stay focused," she said.

Lian prepares a lot 19 she takes classes to make sure she will pay attention. She also pushes herself to 20 with teachers. Students can 21 and answer questions while taking online classes.

But Wen Jiayi, 14, at the Yucai Middle School Attached to Chengdu No. 7 High School, 22 online interaction(互动) isn't enough. "The online teachers don't 23 get to know me. When I don't hand in homework, all I get is 24 short message instead of real concern(关心)," she said.

"However, online classes still have other 25. It saves time and money compared with offline classes. Also, if I don't understand some parts of a lesson, I can watch it over again," Lian said.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| 11. A. common | B. possible | C. fantastic | D. strange |
| 12. A. However | B. Perhaps | C. Finally | D. Therefore |
| 13. A. both | B. each | C. all | D. some |
| 14. A. students | B. teachers | C. schools | D. classes |
| 15. A. on | B. with | C. for | D. to |
| 16. A. right | B. true | C. wrong | D. important |
| 17. A. asking | B. teaching | C. calling | D. watching |
| 18. A. hard | B. easy | C. simple | D. useful |
| 19. A. after | B. before | C. when | D. as |
| 20. A. do | B. agree | C. communicate | D. compare |
| 21. A. come up with | B. put up with | C. catch up with | D. end up with |
| 22. A. likes | B. takes | C. thinks | D. realizes |
| 23. A. nearly | B. probably | C. quickly | D. really |

24. A. the B. a C. an D. (不填)
25. A. instructions B. advantages C. questions D. answers

三、阅读理解(共12小题,每小题1.5分;满分18分)

阅读短文,然后根据其内容从A、B、C、D中选出最佳选项。

A

There are just three of us in my family: my mum, my dad and me. I've got many possessions and many modern things: a big TV, a new computer and a mobile phone. In my family life, I'm not expected to do the housework.

We go out for dinner together sometimes, but my dad is often abroad on business, and my mum works too. We usually just do our own personal things. My parents don't usually set rules for me, and since I'm a good daughter, they never punish me. Recently, we moved to a new flat and I like it very much. It's much bigger than our last one. But I feel very lonely when my parents are away from home. I hope they can spare time with me. I seldom feel happy in my family.

—Emily

I live on a fruit farm. We have lots of pear trees and some apple trees. I have to help my parents all through the year.

The busiest time is in late summer, when the fruit is ready to be picked. At this time of year, we usually get up at 4:30 in the morning, start picking at 5:00 and carry on working until late afternoon. My mother would bring lunch for us to have under the trees. At the end of the day, we are all tired and sleepy. It takes about five weeks to pick all the fruit every year.

At night, the fruit would be carefully packed into boxes and then put onto trucks. The trucks take it to the markets to be sold. Sometimes we ride in the trucks to the city. For farm boys, that is a very exciting time. Tired though, we are very happy to be with family and share the happiness.

—David

26. Who expects Emily to do the housework in her family?
A. Her mother. B. Her father. C. Her grandfather. D. Nobody.
27. Emily often feels unhappy in her family because _____.
A. her house is too big
B. her parents don't like her
C. her parents always punish her
D. her parents seldom spend time with her at home
28. When is the busiest time for David's family?
A. In winter. B. In spring.
C. In late summer. D. In early summer.

29. This text is mainly about _____.
A. study B. family life
C. school activities D. relationships with parents

B

Ladies and gentlemen,

Thank you for coming today to attend the graduation ceremony at No.3 Junior High School. First of all, I'd like to congratulate all the students who are here today. I remember meeting all of you when you were just starting Grade 7 at this school. You were all so full of energy and thirsty for knowledge. Today I see a room full of talented young adults who are full of hope for the future. You've all grown up so much and I am so proud of you.

You've all worked very hard over the last three years. I hope you'll remember the important people in your lives who helped and supported you — your parents, your teachers and your friends. Please consider what they've done for you and what they mean to you. Never fail to be thankful to the people around you.

Lastly, the end of junior high school is the beginning of a new life. Life in senior high school will be harder and you will have many difficult tasks ahead of you. You'll make mistakes along the way, but the key is to learn from your mistakes and never give up. But along with difficulties, there will also be many exciting things waiting for you. Behind each door you open are chances to learn new things, and you have the ability to make your own choices. Choose wisely and be responsible for your decisions and actions. The future is yours.

Good luck and hope to see you again sometime soon!

30. The writer asked the students not to forget _____.
A. the days they spent together
B. the people who helped and supported them
C. the knowledge they learned
D. the friends they made in junior high school
31. According to the text, in senior high school, students will _____.
A. be full of energy B. do many interesting things
C. have many difficult tasks D. make fewer mistakes
32. For students, behind each door they open are chances to _____.
A. make choices B. learn new things
C. deal with difficulties D. be themselves
33. The text is written for the students who _____.
A. are graduating soon B. meet problems in study
C. learn very hard in school D. are learning new things

C

The local government of Haidian and the Internet company Baidu had an agreement in January, 2018. They wanted to develop “smart city” building together. Haidian Park was chosen by them. Why was Haidian Park chosen? It is because the park covers about 34 hectares(公顷) near the 4th Ring Road. And it received about 1.2 million tourists last year. It took the workers 10 months to change Haidian Park into an artificial intelligence (AI) (人工智能) theme park. Haidian Park lies in northern Beijing. So Haidian Park became China’s first artificial intelligence theme park. It was opened to the public in early November.

Now the park has driverless buses, smart lamp posts(灯柱) and smart speakers. The buses themselves can run according to the directions from a computer. The smart lamp posts can record a lot of data quickly and well. The smart speakers can understand human instructions correctly. The park gives people a totally new look. People can experience different artificial intelligence here.

Che Jianguo said that a total of 10 government departments and companies took part in the rebuilding of the park over the past 10 months. He comes from the park office and he is in charge of the program.

In recent years, Chinese high-tech companies begin to do some things in the artificial intelligence industry. The central government also said in October that it would help the development of the country’s new generation of artificial intelligence.

34. Haidian Park was chosen to become the “smart city” because _____.
- A. it is the biggest park in Beijing
 B. it is next to the 4th Ring Road
 C. it lies in northern Beijing
 D. it has large size and is popular
35. The underlined word “**driverless**” in Paragraph 2 means “_____” in Chinese.
- A. 无人驾驶的 B. 有座位的 C. 跑得快的 D. 无扶梯的
36. Today, Chinese high-tech companies pay more attention to _____.
- A. the global economy
 B. the artificial intelligence industry
 C. the development of our country
 D. the big international background
37. The best title of the text is “_____”.
- A. Haidian Artificial Intelligence Theme Park
 B. Chinese High-tech Companies
 C. The Internet Company Baidu
 D. “Smart City” Building

第二部分 非选择题(四大题:共62分)

四、回答问题(共5小题,每小题2分;满分10分)

阅读短文,然后根据内容回答所提问题。



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Saturday May 2nd 8:30 am-4:00 pm

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For more information, call 209-966-2140

38. What is the advertisement about?
39. Are there books about health in this library?
40. Where is the library?
41. When can the friends of the library members buy one book and get a free one?
42. How long will the sale last?

五、阅读填空(共7小题,每小题1分;满分7分)

阅读短文,然后用短文括号中所给词的适当形式填空。

Alice Mak is a shy artist in Hong Kong. As a child, she 43 (especial) liked drawing.

In college, Mak decided to study illustration(插画). At that time, there were few illustrators in Hong Kong. Mak, however, was 44 (luck). Her teacher introduced her to lots of world-famous illustrators. Mak wrote letters to 45 (they) to ask about their opinions about her work. The young 46 (art) learned a lot from these famous illustrators.

Over the years, Mak has 47 (create) lots of interesting characters. Some of them, like McDull (麦兜), brought great success to her. The artist, however, is not interested in her popularity.

She doesn’t like giving speeches. She doesn’t like talking to 48 (stranger), either. Most of the time, she refuses to be interviewed. As a result, some people describe her as an unfriendly person.

Instead of 49 (prepare) for interviews, Mak spends most of her time drawing. "To me, drawing is like a language," says Mak. "If I don't know how to say something to you, I will draw it."

六、综合阅读(共10小题,每小题2分;满分20分)

阅读短文,然后按要求完成50—59小题。

A

E. T. the Extra-Terrestrial is the story of a young boy, Elliot. Elliot lives in a suburban(郊区的) community in California, the USA. (A) 他经常很孤独, and does not get along well with his brother. One day, he finds a strange creature in the forest near his house. When he tries to come near to the creature, it runs away. Elliot drops a trail(痕迹;串) of candy from the (B) _____ to his bedroom. The hungry creature is led to his bedroom (C) as it eats up the candy. Once there, it hides in Elliot's closet(壁橱).

As it turns out, the creature is an alien from a planet far away. The alien's ship has crashed on Earth, and (D) he cannot get home. The alien calls himself E. T., for "extra-terrestrial". E. T. and Elliot become good friends. However, E. T. (E) wants to go home, and he also appears to be dying. Then government agents(政府特工) arrive and lock E. T. and the family up in the house. Just as all hope appears to be lost, a spaceship comes to rescue(营救) E. T. Can E. T. get away? Can Elliot get E. T. back to his spaceship (F) _____ it leaves? You have to watch the film to find out.

50. 将文中画线部分(A)译成英语: _____

51. 在文中(B)和(F)的空白处填入适当的单词: _____; _____

52. 写出文中画线部分(C)和(E)的同义词或近义词: _____; _____

53. 文中画线部分(D)指代的是: _____

54. 从文中找出两个描述 E. T. 的形容词: _____; _____

B

Every child in the UK must receive a full-time education until the age of 16. Parents can choose to send their children either to a state school, which is free, (A) _____ to a private school, where a fee is required.

The school year is generally divided into three terms. Each term (B) ends in a holiday. The summer holiday is the longest and usually lasts from the middle of July to the (C) beginning of September. Education (D) 有两个主要的阶段—primary school and secondary school. Primary schools are for students from the age of 5 to 11. The main subjects are Maths, English, History, Geography, Science, Art, Music and PE. Secondary schools are for students from the age of 11 to 16 or 18. The same subjects are taught there, as well as other subjects such as foreign languages (usually French, German or Spanish), Technology and Computer Studies.

After the age of 16, students can either find a job or continue their studies at a school or college until they are 18. (E) _____ the ages of 16 and 18, students must choose only three or four subjects to

study. At the end of the two years, they must take some important exams. If they do well, they can then go on to study at university. (F) There are over 100 universities in the UK, and the most famous are the University of Oxford and the University of Cambridge.

55. 在文中(A)和(E)的空白处填入适当的单词: _____; _____

56. 写出文中画线部分(B)和(C)的同义词或近义词: _____; _____

57. 将文中画线部分(D)译成英语: _____

58. 将文中画线部分(F)改写为: There are _____ _____ 100 universities in the UK.

59. 从文中找出两个表示语言类的名词: _____; _____

七、阅读与表达(共2节,A节5分,B节20分;满分25分)

A) 阅读短文,然后根据其内容从方框中选出可以填入空白处的短语。

fried food be careful For example are filled with change our eating habits

Most people think they eat what they want. However, in general this is not really true. Our eyes and ears 1 advertisements for new food products. Research shows that these advertisements can 2 3, 20 years ago in China, it was usual for people to eat noodles or dumplings when they wanted fast food. Now, however, many people eat hamburgers or 4. The reason for the difference is advertising.

We should 5 when we are choosing our food. Remember it is necessary to think before we eat.

B) 某英文报刊举办“民以食为天——健康饮食”的有奖征文活动,目的是使饮食的安全和健康受到越来越多的关注和重视。请你以“Eating healthily is _____”为题写篇短文,为本次活动投稿。

【要求】

1. 确定主题,说明原因;
2. 围绕主题,进行叙述或阐述;
3. 词数80—100。

【注意】

1. 补全标题(参考词语:helpful; important; meaningful等);
2. 可以使用亲身经历或虚构的故事,也可以阐述具体观点;
3. 可以适当增减细节,以使行文连贯;
4. 短文的开头已给出,不计入总词数;
5. 作文中不要出现考生和相关人物的真实校名和姓名。

Eating healthily is _____

Nowadays, more and more attention has been paid to food safety and health. I think _____
